

#	Proposed Provision <i>(Describes the provision.)</i>	OCHM's PROPOSED PROVISION	Explanation <i>(Explains how it may be applied.)</i>	Rationale <i>(Explains why the provision has been included.)</i>
	Classes			
1.	The following are prescribed as classes of certificates of registration: 1. Full 2. Grandparented 3. Inactive			
	General			
2.(1)	The following are registration requirements for a certificate of registration of any class unless otherwise specified:			
2. (1)1.	The applicant must complete fully the application form provided by the Registrar.			
2. (1)2.	The applicant must pay the application, processing, evaluation, assessment and registration fees specified in the bylaws.			
2. (1)3.	The applicant must, both at the time of initial application and throughout the registration process, immediately after the event, provide the College with details in writing relating to the following: I. any finding of guilt for an offence that resulted in a fine of \$1000 or more or any form of custodial sentence or a finding of guilt for a criminal offence, II. any finding of professional misconduct, incompetency or incapacity, or any similar finding by any regulatory body, III. any current proceeding for professional misconduct, incompetency or incapacity, or any similar proceeding before any regulatory body, IV. any finding of professional negligence or malpractice made against the applicant, V. any refusal by any regulatory body to register or licence the applicant, VI. any attempt to pass a registration assessment			

	<p>for a health profession in Ontario or another jurisdiction that did not result in a passing grade,</p> <p>VII. whether the applicant is and has been in good standing, fulfilling all requirements with any regulatory body with which he or she has been registered, at the time when the applicant ceased being registered with that regulatory body, and</p> <p>VIII. any other event that would provide reasonable grounds for the belief that the applicant</p>			
2. (1)4.	The applicant's previous conduct affords reasonable grounds for the belief that he or she will practise safely and professionally.			
2. (1)5.	The applicant must be a Canadian citizen or a permanent resident of Canada or be authorized under the <i>Immigration and Refugee Protection Act</i> to work or, where appropriate, to study in Canada.			
2. (1)6.	The applicant must be able to speak, read and write either English or French with reasonable fluency.			
2. (1)7.	The applicant's certificate of registration must not be under suspension or have been revoked by a statutory committee of the College.			
2. (1)8.	The applicant must not be incapacitated, as that term is defined in the <i>Regulated Health Professions Act, 1991</i> .			
2. (1)9.	The applicant must, at the time of the application and continuously thereafter until the applicant is registered ¹ in Ontario, be in good standing and have fulfilled all requirements with any regulatory body with which he or she is registered or, if the applicant has ceased to be registered with a regulatory body, he or she must have been in good standing and have fulfilled all requirements at the time that he or she ceased being registered with that regulatory body.			
2. (1)10.	<p>The applicant, other than an applicant for a certificate of Inactive Registration must:</p> <p>I. have successfully completed no earlier than twelve months prior to the date of his or her application, one of the following:</p> <p>a) the education program described in subparagraph i of paragraph 1 of subsection 4(1), or</p> <p>b) the prior learning assessment described in paragraph 1 of</p>	<p>For a FULL class registration applicant, one must complete the following:</p> <p>I. have successfully completed no earlier than twelve months prior to the date of his or her application, the following:</p> <p>a) The education program described in subparagraph i of paragraph 1 of subsection 4(1),</p>	<p>There should be different criteria to attain FULL registration versus GRANDPARENTED. The Grandparented category is designed to allow existing practitioners who do not meet the full registration requirements to enter the profession with the understanding that they must work</p>	<p>In order to protect the public, we need to ensure that the registrants will be highly competent to practice the profession. Not only must the competencies be</p>

	<p>subsection 5(1) or in subsection 5(3), or c) the clinical experience program described subparagraph ii of paragraph 1 of subsection 4(1), or II. have practised the profession at least 750 hours within a three-year period that begins no earlier than three years before the date of his or her application, or III. have successfully completed a refresher program approved by the Registration Committee no earlier than twelve months prior to the date of his or her application.²</p>	<p>AND the clinical experience program described in subparagraph ii of paragraph 1 of subsection 4(1)</p> <p>b) The prior learning assessment to be used for those wishing to enter the Full category. Once education programs in Ontario schools are accredited this will only pertain to those trained in jurisdictions outside of Ontario. (because no schools are accredited right now refer to 4.(1)1.i as no schools are currently licensed under the Private Career Colleges)</p> <p>AND</p> <p>II. Have practiced the profession for at least 1500 hours within a three-year period that begins no earlier than three years before the date of his or her application</p> <p>III. Eliminate</p>	<p>toward obtaining the Full registration requirements within 5 years. The Full and Grandparented registration requirements need to be separated.</p> <p>a) A and C have been combined as education and clinical experience are necessary to be a competent Homeopath. For the protection and the safety of the public, the Homeopath must have an appropriate education in homeopathy and health sciences and have treated a significant number of live patients in a supervised setting before registering with the regulatory college.</p> <p>b) Since currently no school are licensed under the Private Career Colleges all registrants will have to undergo the PLA. In the future, the PLA will only apply to Homeopaths trained in jurisdictions outside of Ontario.</p> <p>II. The proposed number of hours for the Full designation is extremely low and should be increased to 1500 hours. If Council feel that the 1500 hours is too high (an obstacle for Homeopaths to enter the profession), then, we would consider that previous clinical experience done at anytime prior</p>	<p>robust, but there should be a significant difference in requirements between those entering the full vs. grand parenting categories. It must be recognized that the grand parenting category is a temporary provision created only to help some applicants who do not meet the full competencies to enter the profession and transition to the full category. The requirements of a full registrant should be as robust as in other comparable professions such as naturopathy.</p> <p>Please refer to section 5 for grand parented category revisions.</p> <p>The proposed number of hours for the practice of homeopathy of 750 should be at least 1500. The number of 750 is extremely low. In order to practice</p>
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			<p>to the three years (or included) to a maximum of 250 hours to be used towards the final number of hours required in the last three years. Example: John Doe graduates in 2003 with 400 hours of clinical training. At proclamation, he wants to register with the college but doesn't have a total of 750 hours in the last three years (although practicing Homeopathy since graduation). A maximum of 250 hours from his previous clinical training experience from his school could be used towards the final hour requirement of subsection 2. (1) 10 II</p> <p>III. This proposed provision (since it includes the word "or") basically makes all of the above null and void.</p>	<p>homeopathy successfully, one needs to practice more than just five hours per week. Clinic hours should be at least comparable to other professions. This training should be provided by the educational institutions.</p> <p>We recognize the climate for full time practice is difficult to achieve at this time and if someone has had supervised training in the past (even before the three years), these skills and training are still valuable and they should be able to use some of them.</p> <p>iii. All homeopaths require extensive training to be successful and responsible health care providers. A refresher course by definition means an individual has already been trained and would require a refresher course because they have been practicing minimally or perhaps</p>
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				their practice has been dormant recently. The word “or” in the provision would allow anyone to practice without training. For this reason, this provision should be eliminated. A refresher course should be reserved only for those people moving from an Inactive category back to a Full category.
2. (1)11.	The applicant must have successfully completed within the three years prior to the date of his or her application the jurisprudence course set or approved by the Registration Committee. This requirement is non exemptible.			
2. (1)12.	The applicant must hold a current certificate in basic CPR and first aid.			
2.(2)	Despite any other provision in this Regulation, an applicant who by commission or omission makes a false or misleading representation or declaration on or in connection with an application shall be deemed not to have, and not to have had, the qualifications for a certificate of any class.			
3.(1)	The following are conditions of a certificate of registration of any class unless otherwise specified:			
3. (1)1.	The member, in addition to the mandatory self-reporting requirements set out in the <i>Health Professions Procedural Code</i> , shall, if not otherwise stated, as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event no later than 30 days provide the College with details in writing of any of the information described in paragraph 3 of subsection 2(1) relating to the member that occur or arise after the application or the registration of the member.			
3. (1)2.	The member shall provide the College with details in writing of any change in status under the <i>Immigration and Refugee Protection Act (Canada)</i> that could affect his or her ability to engage in the practice of the profession.			
3. (1)3.	The Registrar may suspend the member’s certificate of registration if the member’s immigration status under the			

	<i>Immigration and Refugee Protection Act (Canada)</i> is inconsistent with the member's certificate of registration.			
3. (1)4.	The member shall provide the College within two business days with details in writing if the member does not have the professional liability insurance coverage specified in the by-laws of the College. This term, condition and limitation does not apply to a member holding an Inactive certificate of registration.			
3. (1)5.	The Registrar may suspend the member's certificate of registration if the member does not have the professional liability insurance coverage specified in the by-laws of the College. This term, condition and limitation does not apply to a member holding an Inactive certificate of registration.			
3. (1)6.	The Registrar may suspend the member's certificate of registration if the member does not provide the information required to be provided by the member under the by-laws or on the annual renewal form when required or, if there is no time by which it is required, within 30 days of being requested by the College to provide the information.			
3. (1)7.	The Registrar may refer a member to the Quality Assurance Committee if the member has not, a) practised the profession at least 750 hours within the previous three years, b) successfully completed a refresher program approved by the Registration Committee, c) entered into and is in compliance with a written undertaking acceptable to the Registrar, or d) obtained a certificate of Inactive Registration ³	The Registrar may refer a member to the Quality Assurance Committee if the member has not, a) practiced the profession at least 1500 hours within the previous three years or sufficient continuing education hours. b) successfully completed a refresher program approved by the Registration Committee, c) entered into and is in compliance with a written undertaking acceptable to the Registrar, or d) obtained a certificate of Inactive Registration.³	The proposed number of hours for the Full designation is extremely low and should be increased to 1500 hours. If Council feel that the 1500 hours is too high (an obstacle for Homeopaths to enter the profession), then, we would consider that previous clinical experience done at any time prior to the three years (or included) to a maximum of 250 hours to be used towards the final number of hours required in the last three years. Example: John Doe graduates in 2003 with 400 hours of clinical training. At proclamation, he wants to register with the college but doesn't have a total of 750 hours in the last three years (although practicing Homeopathy since graduation). A maximum of 250 hours from his previous clinical training	

			<p>experience from his school could be used towards the final hour requirement of subsection 2. (1) 10 II.</p> <p>For those who might not be able to meet 1500 hours in their practice they should exceed the required Continuing Education hours in lieu of the 1500 practice hours required</p>	<p>We understand that is difficult to have a full-time practice in Ontario at this time, the Continuing Education hours would allow for an applicant to maintain currency.</p>																								
3. (1)8.	The member shall prominently display his or her certificate of registration at any location where he or she provides professional services.																											
3. (1)9.	The member shall surrender his or her certificate of registration upon suspension, revocation, resignation or other termination of any certificate of registration.																											
3. (1)10.	<p>The member shall only use the title or professional designation specified for his or her corresponding class of registration in the following table:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Class of Registration</th> <th>Title/Designation</th> <th>Abbreviation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Full</td> <td>Registered Homeopathic Practitioner</td> <td>RHP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Grandparented</td> <td>Registered Homeopathic Practitioner (Grandparented)</td> <td>RHP – (Grandparented)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Inactive</td> <td>Registered Homeopathic Practitioner</td> <td>RHP – (Inactive)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Class of Registration	Title/Designation	Abbreviation	Full	Registered Homeopathic Practitioner	RHP	Grandparented	Registered Homeopathic Practitioner (Grandparented)	RHP – (Grandparented)	Inactive	Registered Homeopathic Practitioner	RHP – (Inactive)	<p>The member shall only use the title or professional designation specified for his or her corresponding class or registration in the following table:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Class of Registration</th> <th>Title/Designation</th> <th>Abbreviation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Full</td> <td>Homeopath</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Grandparented</td> <td>Homeopath (Grandparented)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Inactive</td> <td>Homeopath (Inactive)</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Class of Registration	Title/Designation	Abbreviation	Full	Homeopath		Grandparented	Homeopath (Grandparented)		Inactive	Homeopath (Inactive)		<p>The proposed designation is “Homeopath” because it matches the designation used in the Homeopathy Act 2007. Other comparable professions (i.e. Naturopaths) do not use the registered designation. Also, there is no proposed abbreviation as it is not necessary.</p> <p>As a lesser proposed second option, “Registered Homeopath” would be fine however, Registered Herbalists (RHs) would have to cease using that title. Also “RHPs” is a title used by Registered Health Practitioners, which would provide confusion to</p>	<p>We would like to emphasize that the word “practitioner” is not acceptable because it is our desire in the future to apply for the “Homeopathic Doctor” title.</p>
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	(Inactive)			the public. The “Grandparented” Designation should remain within the title/designation for the protection of the public and it would provide incentive for those in this “grand parented” category to move into the Full “Homeopath” category.	
3. (1)11.	The member shall have a current address and telephone number for communication with the College.				
3. (1)12.	The member shall only practice within the member’s individual scope of practice as defined by the member’s education and experience.				
3. (1)13.	The Registrar may revoke the certificate if, after giving written notice and a reasonable opportunity to respond, the Registrar concludes that the person made, by commission or omission, a false or misleading representation or declaration on or in connection with an application.				
3. (1)14.	The member must maintain a current certificate in basic CPR and first aid.				
3.(2)	The Registrar may reinstate a certificate of registration that is suspended under subsection (1) or section 24 of the <i>Health Professions Procedural Code</i> if the former member corrects the default causing the suspension and corrects any other default that may have occurred and the former member pays all outstanding and applicable fees.				
3.(3)	If a certificate of registration is suspended under subsection (1) or section 24 of the <i>Health ProfessionsProcedural Code</i> , the former member must, in addition to satisfying the criteria set out in subsection (2), satisfy the Registration Committee that his or her knowledge, skill and judgment remains current before the Registrar may reinstate the certificate of registration.				
	Full				
4.(1)	The following are non-exemptible registration requirements for a Full certificate of registration:				

4.(1)1.i

The applicant **must** have successfully completed:
 1. a prerequisite of Grade 12 Chemistry and Biology, or equivalent and two years of College or University education or equivalent (including a responsible process for recognizing mature students), and
 2. a program of studies in homeopathy in Ontario that,
 a. achieves the entry-to-practice competencies set out in the College of Homeopaths of Ontario Entry-to- Practise Competencies document dated January 31, 2012 and
 b. is licensed under the *Private Career Colleges Act, 2005*, or

The applicant **must** have successfully completed:
 1. a prerequisite of Grade 12 Chemistry and Biology, or equivalent and a **Bachelor Degree education or equivalent (including a responsible process for recognizing mature students, however a mature student would have to complete a preparatory science curriculum approved by an accredited Homeopathic Programme prior to commencing their Homeopathic studies) AND**
 2. a program of studies in homeopathy in Ontario that,
 a. achieves the entry-to-practice competencies set out in the College of Homeopaths of Ontario Entry-to- Practice Competencies document dated January 31, 2012 and
 b. is licensed under the *Private Career Colleges Act, 2005*, or

Comparable to other Healthcare Professions like Naturopathy and Chiropractic, this is why the applicant should have a Bachelor Degree. This would also be a huge asset for interdisciplinary care. As the DRAFT REGULATION also states: **“Homeopathy requires a breadth and depth of knowledge, skill and judgment in order to practice safely and professionally.”**

The applicant must complete an approved education program. There will be a prerequisite of at least a Bachelor Degree. The program itself would be equivalent of three years of full-time study and this would include a full clinical experience component provided by the school. The program would achieve the entry-to-practice competencies of the profession.

The program would consist of the following courses:

COURSE	TOTAL HOURS
Anatomy & Physiology with Neuroscience	256
Biochemistry	48
Botany & Herbal Medicine	32
Clinical Internship	1700
Environmental Medicine	16

The Health Sciences are the CORNERSTONE of any healthcare profession. In order to be a successful Homeopath, one needs an extensive knowledge of Health Sciences. In order to communicate interdisciplinary, one needs extensive health sciences. In order to protect the public, one needs extensive health sciences.

These Health Science courses should be taught in a “live” setting by PHDs or Medical Doctors who are specialists in their field. The same should be true for the teachers of Homeopathic Medicine.

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<p>4. (1)1.ii.</p>	<p>the applicant must have successfully completed a program in homeopathy which is deemed substantially equivalent by the Registration Committee to a program referred to in subparagraph i.</p>	<p>the applicant must have successfully completed a program in homeopathy which is deemed substantially equivalent by the Registration Committee to a program referred to in subparagraph i.</p>	<p>Until programs are approved, those trained in Ontario now, according to these draft regulations have no mechanism to enter the "full" category. For this reason, we are asking that section 4. (1) 1. ii apply to everyone</p>	<p>There are many well trained Homeopaths who have received their education and training in Ontario. Since there are currently no programs</p>																														

			<p>trained in Ontario as well as those outside of Ontario.</p>	<p>licensed under the private career colleges act, it is not fair that the College of Homeopaths exclude this group from applying directly to the “full” category. There needs to be a mechanism to assess their training and if their training meets all of the competencies, they should be allowed to enter the “full” category directly.</p>
<p>4. (1)2</p>	<p>The applicant must have successfully completed a structured, comprehensive, supervised and evaluated program of clinical experience in the profession that contains an appropriate amount of preclinical observation and an appropriate amount of supervised clinic or internship to demonstrate the integrated application of the entry-to-practice competencies set out in the College of Homeopaths of Ontario Entry-to- Practise Competencies document dated January 31, 2012. This program must not begin before the commencement of the educational program referred to in paragraph 1i.</p>	<p>The applicant must have successfully completed a structured, comprehensive, supervised and evaluated program of clinical experience in the profession that contains an appropriate amount of preclinical observation and an appropriate amount of supervised clinical internship to demonstrate the integrated application of the entry-to-practice competencies set out in the College of Homeopaths of Ontario Entry-to- Practice Competencies document dated January 31, 2012. This program must not begin before the commencement of the educational program referred to in paragraph 1i.</p>	<p>In addition to academic instruction, the applicant must also have formal clinical experience. This experience should be completed as part of the educational program of studies in Homeopathy as described in the above provision. The applicant must complete the clinical experience in conjunction with their educational training.</p> <p>This would involve both observing others practice (i.e., pre-clinical observation) and then the actual practice of the profession on live patients under the observation of a senior clinician who provides feedback. The supervisor would be physically present in the room for the case taking, while the student taking a patient’s case.</p> <p>The transitional Council is trying to identify objective indicators that would demonstrate an appropriate amount of clinical experience. The Registration Committee has proposed the following:</p>	<p>Clinical experience is necessary to consolidate academic learning and to develop the knowledge, skills and judgment to practice safely and competently. Primary care practitioners treating a wide variety of chronic and acute conditions require significant formal clinical experience to obtain competence.</p> <p>By making it part of their studies, the clinical internship can begin earlier allowing for a transition period to develop their skills and confidence all the while having continuous support from more experienced</p>

			<p>a) a preclinical observation component, which can be of either live or video-recorded patient visits, that include reflection and interaction with the supervisor consisting of at least,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. 50 initial visit case work-up assessments that were appropriately evaluated, a minimum of 5 and a maximum of ten of which involves acute conditions only and the remainder of which involved a variety of chronic conditions requiring various remedies, and ii. 50 follow-up visits that were appropriately evaluated of which at least ten must be in respect of the patients assessed in clause i, with a maximum of five follow-up visits being in respect of any one patient, and <p>b) a supervised clinic or internship component with a minimum of 225 hours consisting of at least,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. 50 initial visit live case work-up assessments (student takes the case LIVE while being observed and evaluated by a supervisor) that were appropriately evaluated, a minimum of 5 and a maximum of ten of which involve acute conditions only and the remainder of which involve a variety of chronic conditions each requiring a well selected remedy, and ii. 100 follow-up live visits that were evaluated in respect of the patients assessed in clause i, with a maximum of 4 follow-ups for each patient to be considered in order to meet the follow-up requirement. 	<p>practitioners as supervisors within their cases. This will allow for the student practitioner to build knowledge, experience and confidence to take on their own patients at the end of their training, which will make this a seamless transition between “student practitioner” and practicing Homeopath.</p> <p>The most important thing in a homeopathic clinical internship is that a student is not only exposed to “live” patients but is also the one taking the case. All the while, the student will require guidance from a supervisor who will be present. The case taking should include the patient, the supervisor and a maximum of two student case takers to ensure a thorough case taking and the opportunity to hone in on case taking skills for a proper evaluation of the patient as well as the student.</p>
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				Having more than two student practitioners on one case would not allow sufficient experience for the student NOR would it allow for a thorough evaluation of each student by the supervisor present.
4.(1)3	The applicant must have successfully completed the assessment based on the entry-to-practice competencies, which assessment is established or approved by the Registration Committee.	The applicant must have successfully completed the assessment based on the entry-to-practice competencies, which assessment is established or approved by the Registration Committee.	The assessment process should involve a formal examination, which is common to many healthcare professions and would provide an objective measurement of the applicant knowledge, skill and judgment.	
4(2) to (6)	<p>(2) Where section 22.18 of the <i>Health Professions Procedural Code</i> applies to an applicant, the applicant is deemed to have: met the requirements of subsection 4(1) and paragraphs 10 and 12 of subsection 2(1) if the applicant provides a certificate, letter or other evidence satisfactory to the Registrar or a panel of the Registration Committee that the applicant has been certified as having the qualifications to be a registered full Homeopath in another jurisdiction in Canada.</p> <p>(3) Where an applicant referred to in subsection (2) is unable to satisfy the Registrar that the applicant practised the profession to the extent that would be permitted by a certificate of registration as a registered Full Homeopath in Ontario at any time in the two years immediately prior to the date of that applicant's application, that applicant must meet any further requirement to undertake, obtain or undergo additional training, experience, examinations or assessments, if any, that may be specified by a panel of the Registration Committee.</p> <p>(4) An applicant referred to in subsection (2) is deemed to have met the requirements of paragraph 6 of subsection 2(1) where the requirements for the issuance of the applicant's out-of-province certificate of registration included language proficiency requirements equivalent to that paragraph.</p>			

	<p>(5) Despite subsection (2), a requirement set out in subsection 4(1), will continue to apply to an applicant where that requirement is a requirement described in subsection 22.18 (3) of the <i>Health Professions Procedural Code</i>.</p> <p>(6) The requirements in subsections (2) to (5) are nonexemptible.</p>			
	Grandparented Registration			
5.(1)	The following are the non-exemptible registration requirements for a Grandparented certificate of registration:			
5. (1)1.	The applicant must have successfully completed the safety and core competency components of the prior learning assessment.		<p>The applicant should not be able to enter the Full class of registration without completing a full assessment and meeting all competencies.</p> <p>It would be crucial to put all applicants through the prior learning assessment before giving them the “full” designation as needs to be assurance for the public that all registrants are safe to practice.</p>	<p>There needs to be assurance for the public that all registrants are safe to practice.</p> <p>Those practitioners who do not meet competencies should be allowed easy registration into the ‘Grandparented’ category. Moving from the “grandparented” to the “full” category however, must be a much more rigorous process for the safety and wellbeing of the public.</p> <p>By having the word “grandparented” visible in the practitioner’s title designation, the public would be aware of the practitioner’s status.</p>
5. (1)2.	The applicant must submit a completed application form			

	to the Registrar within one year after this regulation comes into force.			
5.(2)	The following are additional conditions of a Grandparented certificate of registration:			
5. (2)1	The member must actively pursue the prior learning assessment process described in subsection 5(3) including by attempting to complete components of the process each registration year.			
5. (2)2.	The certificate of registration expires on the 5 th anniversary of the date that this Regulation comes into force. At that point the Grandparented class terminates and certificates will expire for those grandparented members who have not yet become Full members.			
5.(3)	<p>Despite section 4, the Registrar may issue to the holder of, or to a person who is eligible for, a Grandparented certificate of registration a Full certificate of registration if the person,</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. has at some point of his or her career completed a minimum clinical experience involving at least 750 hours of practice over a three-year period in the profession, 2. has successfully completed a prior learning assessment approved by the Registration Committee demonstrating that he or she has obtained the entry-to-practice competencies of the profession, and 3. has paid all outstanding fees to the College and has provided all outstanding information requested of the applicant by the College. 	THIS SHOULD BE COMPLETELY DELETED	THERE SHOULD BE NO WAY THAT AN APPLICANT CAN MOVE FROM THE GRANDPARENTED TO THE FULL CLASS THIS EASILY. THE ONLY WAY TO TRANSITION FROM THE GRANDPARENTED TO THE FULL CATEGORY IS TO UNDERGO A FULL ASSESSMENT (FORMAL EXAMINATION) WHEN THE APPLICANT MEETS ALL OF THE COMPETENCIES PUT FORTH. ONLY AT THAT POINT SHOULD THE APPLICANT BE ELIGIBLE TO PBTAIN THE FULL DESGNATION.	This is important for a couple of reasons. The first and foremost reason is for the protection of the public from unqualified health care practitioners. While it would be nice for all existing homeopathic practitioners to enter the full designation, it is imperative that the practitioner be competent.
5(4) to (8)	<p>(4) Where section 22.18 of the <i>Health Professions Procedural Code</i> applies to an applicant, the applicant is deemed to have met the requirements of subsection 5(1) and paragraphs 10 and 12 of subsection 2(1) if the applicant provides a certificate, letter or other evidence satisfactory to the Registrar or a panel of the Registration Committee that the applicant has been certified as having the qualifications to be a registered grandparented Homeopath in another jurisdiction in Canada.</p> <p>(5) Where an applicant referred to in subsection (4) is unable to satisfy the Registrar that the applicant practised the profession to the extent that would be</p>			

	<p>permitted by a certificate of registration as a registered Grandparented Homeopath in Ontario at any time in the two years immediately prior to the date of that applicant's application, that applicant must meet any further requirement to undertake, obtain or undergo material additional training, experience, examinations or assessments, if any, that may be specified by a panel of the Registration Committee.</p> <p>(6) An applicant referred to in subsection (4) is deemed to have met the requirements of paragraph 6 of subsection 2(1) where the requirements for the issuance of the applicant's out-of-province certificate of registration included language proficiency requirements equivalent to that paragraph.</p> <p>(7) Despite subsection (4), a requirement set out in subsection 5(1), will continue to apply to an applicant where that requirement is a requirement described in subsection 22.18 (3) of the <i>Health Professions Procedural Code</i>.</p> <p>(8) The requirements in subsections (4) to (7) are nonexemptible.</p>			
	Inactive Registration			
6.(1)	The following are non-exemptible registration requirements for an Inactive certificate of registration:			
6. (1)1.	The applicant must be a holder of a Full or Grandparented certificate of registration.			
6. (1)2.	The applicant must undertake not to practice the profession, while he or she holds a certificate of Inactive Registration.			
6. (1)3.	The applicant must have paid all outstanding fees to the College and have provided all outstanding information requested of the applicant by the College.			
6.(2)	The following are additional conditions of an Inactive certificate of registration:			
6. (2)1.	<p>The member shall not do the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) practise the profession; b) supervise the practice of the profession; c) use a title related to homeopathy other than one set out for use by inactive members in paragraph 10 of subsection 3(1), or 			

	d) make any claim or representation to being able to practise the profession.			
6. (2)2	If the member transferred to the Inactive class with a Grandparented certificate of registration, the certificate of registration expires on the 5th anniversary of the date that this Regulation comes into force.			
6.(3)	The Registrar may issue to the holder of an Inactive certificate of registration the certificate of registration he or she previously held, if the class of certificate still exists, if the holder, 1. has paid all outstanding fees to the College and has provided all outstanding information requested of the applicant by the College, 2. requests in writing to the Registrar that he or she be issued the certificate of registration he or she previously held, 3. and satisfies the Registration Committee that his or her knowledge, skill and judgment remain current.			
6(4) to (7)	(4) Where section 22.18 of the <i>Health Professions Procedural Code</i> applies to an applicant, the applicant is deemed to have: met the requirements of subsection 6(1) if the applicant provides a certificate, letter or other evidence satisfactory to the Registrar or a panel of the Registration Committee that the applicant has been certified as having the qualifications to be a registered inactive Homeopath in another jurisdiction in Canada. (5) An applicant referred to in subsection (4) is deemed to have met the requirements of paragraph 6 of subsection 2(1) where the requirements for the issuance of the applicant's out-of-province certificate of registration included language proficiency requirements equivalent to that paragraph. (6) Despite subsection (4), a requirement set out in subsection 6(1), will continue to apply to an applicant where that requirement is a requirement described in subsection 22.18 (3) of the <i>Health Professions Procedural Code</i> . (7) The requirements in subsections (4) to (6) are nonexemptible.			
	DEFINITIONS			

7.(1)	The phrase “the date of his or her application” refers to the date that the application is received by the College.			
7.(2)	In this regulation, a reference to practising the professions for a number of hours, (a) for a member involved in clinical practice, means two hours for each initial visit case work-up assessment and one hour for each follow up visit, and (b) for a member involved in formal professional development, academic research or in general paid administration, paid supervision, and paid teaching of homeopathy services, one hour for each hour dedicated to those services excluding general preparation. For the purpose of this regulation, a maximum of onethird of the required hours can come from clause (b).			
7.(3)	In this regulation, “jurisprudence” means the knowledge of the legal and professional principles that apply to the practice of the profession.			